

MATERIALS FOR 3D PRINTING INCONEL



Inconel 625

Nickel alloy

The material properties for Inconel are high strength, good ductility, and good resistance to corrosion. Inconel is suitable for parts that repeatedly alternate between heat and cold at high loads.

We print inconel with Laser Powder Bed Fusion technology that prints in powder and uses a laser to weld the powder layers together. The technology requires support structure to attach the part to the build platform. The support is mechanically removed after printing.

The raw prints that come out of the printer have a surface finish similar to a cast metal part. The surface can subsequently be processed with various finishes.

The technology can print parts that meet ISO 2768-m 1 - however, the tolerances depend a lot on the geometry of the part.

MATERIAL PROPERTIES (STANDARD)	60 µm, 400 W – Raw print		
TENSILE STRENGTH [Rm]	1057 ±5 MPa		
YOUNG'S MODULUS [E]	191 ±47 GPa		
YIELD STRENGTH [Rp0,2]	708 ±15 MPa		
ELONGATION AT BREAK [A]	33 ±1 %		
REDUCTION OF CROSS SECTION [Z]	41 ±4 %		
VICKERS HARDNESS [HV10]	291 ±4		
POWDER DENSITY	8,44 g/cm3		
PART DENSITY	>99,5 %		

SURFACE TEXTURE	Raw	Media blasted	Processed
Average roughness [Ra]	8 ±1	4 ±1	8,0

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Technology:

Laser Powder Bed Fusion

Printers:

SLM Solutions - SLM280

Build volume:

280 x 280 x 365 mm

Laver thickness

• 60 µm (normal)

Possible post-processing:

- De-stressing
- Heat treatment
- Deburring
- Media blasting
- Conventional processing

Design features:

- · Minimum feature size 0,6 mm
- Minimum channel size Ø2 mm
- · Minimum wall thickness 1 mm
- Support for overhangs less than 45°
- · Hole for emptying powder Ø5 mm

Design guides:

- · Minimize the volume of the part as much as possible
- Avoid large changes in the cross-sectional area of the part
- · Use camphors and roundings they are "free"
- Consider the print orientation in your design

